

Surge Protective Device

#### Overvoltage

Electricity is an essential part of modern human production and life. But power facilities are threatened by internal and external overvoltages. Power system overvoltage mainly includes:

**Transient overvoltage of atmospheric origin:** Lightning strikes instantly generate high energy, generating surge currents up to hundreds of kA, and lightning wave can invade along power lines, causing damage to power facilities and electrical equipment

**Transient overvoltage due to switching:** Switching operations of a power utility may cause overvoltage.

**Temporary overvoltage:** A long duration (second level) temporary overvoltage (asymmetric ground fault) or harmonious overvoltage.

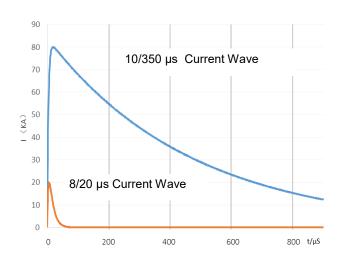
#### **Surge Voltage Caused by Lightning**

Electrical and electronic system are subject to damage from a lighting electromagnetic impulse (LEMP). Therefore SPM need to be provided avoid failure of internal system. LEMP may caused by direct, near and far lightning strikes. According to the relevant research, lightning strikes within a certain distance may cause dangerous overvoltage on the cable, endangering the equipment connected to it.

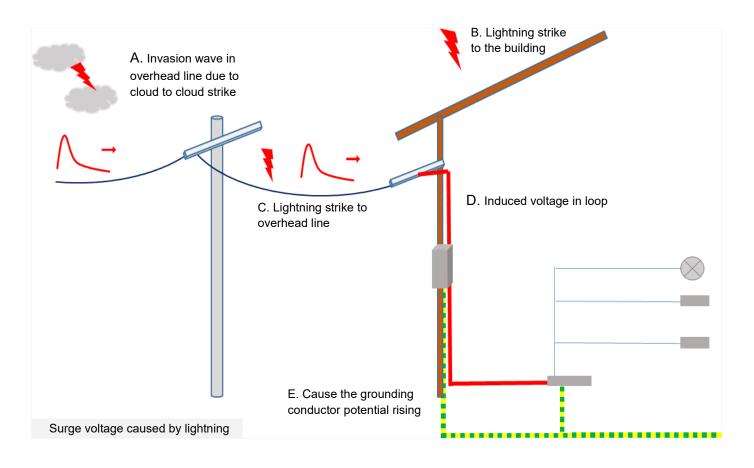
#### **Damage Due to Lighting**

The lighting can cause three basic type of damage:

- -D1: injury to living beings by electric shock;
- —D2: physical damage (fire, explosion, mechanical destruction, chemical release) due to lighting current effects, including sparking;
- -D3: failure of internal systems due to LEMP



Standard lightning test wave

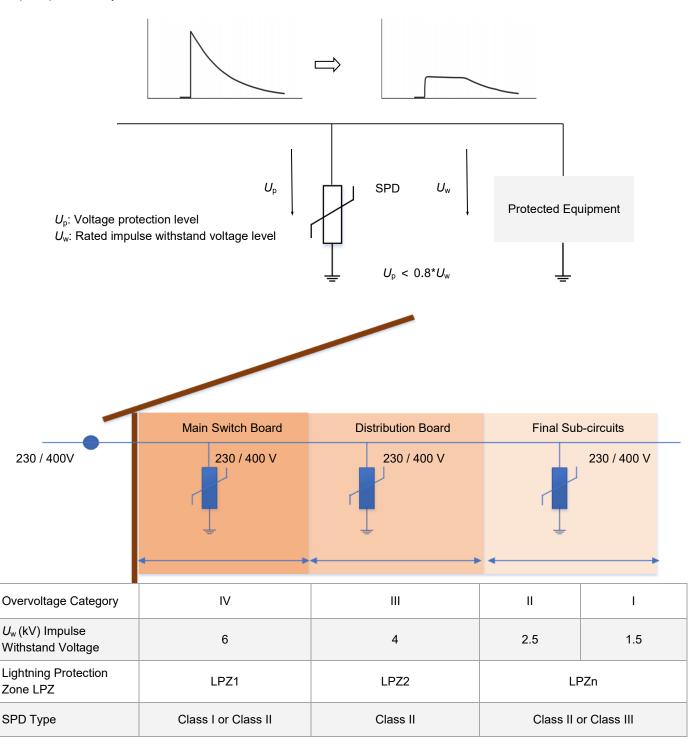




Surge Protective Device

### Impulse Withstand Voltage and Surge Protection

As the primary equipment of internal lightning-proof, SPD needs to be able to withstand surge stress and provides the level of voltage protection required for the equipment. This involves the selection and coordination of SPD in different locations to form a complete protection system.



**Surge Protective Device** 

# **LED Surge Protective Device**



#### **Description**

As LEDs are more susceptible to surges, the impact of the surge will cause the partial or complete failure of the LED module or driver. To ensure the service life and reliability and to avoid unnecessary maintenance, a well-conceived and effective surge protection for LED street lightings should be adopted.

SETsafe | SETfuse LED Surge Protective Devices (SPDs) are specifically designed for outdoor lighting. The products facilitate surge immunity compliant with IEEE C62.41.2 Location Category C high exposure and protect LED street lighting from lightning surge damage. With built-in thermal protection, the products could fail safely when suffering sustained overvoltage or its internal varistor degradation. The products with small size, could be easily mounted in narrow space.

#### **Features**

- Sealed Enclosure, IP66
- Differential and Common Mode Protections
- One-port or Two-port Surge Protective Device (SPD)
- Thermal Protection and Failure Indication

# **Applications**

- Outdoor Street Lighting
- Parking Lighting
- Highway Lighting
- Landscape Lighting
- Traffic and Signal Lighting



**Surge Protective Device** 

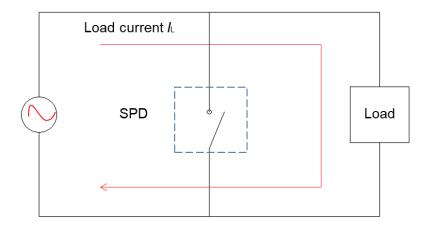
# Glossary

Item	Description
U <sub>p</sub>	Voltage Protection Level  Maximum voltage to be expected at the SPD terminals due to an impulse stress with defined voltage steepness and an impulse stress with a discharge current with given amplitude and waveshape.  — (IEC 61643-11)
8/20 μs	8/20 Current Impulse  Current impulse with a nominal virtual front time of 8 μs and a nominal time to half-value of 20 μs.  — (IEC 61643-11)
1.2/50 µs	1.2/50 Voltage Impulse  Voltage impulse with a nominal virtlual front time of 1.2 μs and a nominal time to half-value of 50 μs.  — (IEC 61643-11)
U <sub>c</sub>	Maximum Continuous Operating Voltage  Maximum r.m.s. voltage, which may be continuously applied to the SPD's mode of protection.  — (IEC 61643-11)
<i>I</i> n	Nominal Discharge Current  Crest value of the current through the SPD having a current waveshape of 8/20.  — (IEC 61643-11)
l <sub>imp</sub>	Impulse Discharge Current for Class I Test  Crest value of a discharge current through the SPD with specified charge transfer Q and specified energy W/R in the specified time.  — (IEC 61643-11)
I <sub>max</sub>	Maximum Discharge Current  Crest value of a current through the SPD having an 8/20 waveshape and magnitude according to the manufacturers specification. $I_{\text{max}}$ is equal to or greater than $I_{\text{n}}$ .  — (IEC 61643-11)
Modes of Protection	Modes of Protection  An intended current path, between terminals that contains protective components, e.g. line-to-line, line-to-earth, line-to-neutral, neutral-to-earth.  — (IEC 61643-11)
IP	Degrees of Protection Provided by Enclosure (IP Code)  Classification preceded by the symbol IP indicating the extent of protection provided by an enclosure against access to hazardous parts, against ingress of solid foreign objects and possibly harmful ingress of water.

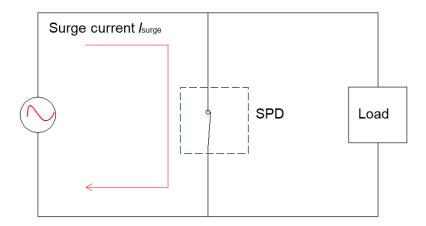
**Surge Protective Device** 

# **Operation Principle**

SPD is equivalent to open circuit when the circuit without surge (Impedance > 100 M $\Omega$ ).



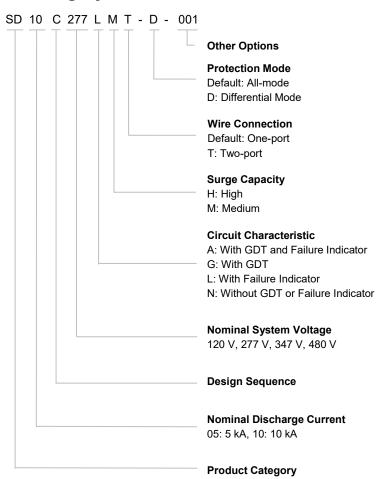
When a surge invades the circuit, the SPD circuit mutates to a low impedance, releasing the surge current into the ground.





**Surge Protective Device** 

#### **Part Numbering System**



# **Agency Information**

Agency Ir	nformation	Standards	NO.	Category		
<b>Al</b> °	UL	UL 1449 4th Edition	VZCA2			
c <b>Al</b> ®	cUL	CSA C22.2 NO.269, CSA ECN 516	9, CSA ECN 516 E322662			
TÜVRheinland	TUV	IEC/EN 61643-11, IEC/EN 61643-31	See the different models for details			
C€	CE	IEC/EN 61643-11, IEC/EN 61643-31	See the different models for details			
СВ	СВ	IEC/EN 61643-11	See the different models for details			
Cec	CQC	GB/T 18802.1-2011	See the different models for details			



#### **Usage**

- 1. Frequency range is from 47 Hz to 63 Hz.
- 2. The voltage applied continuously to the SPD must not exceed its maximum continuous operating voltage  $U_c$ .
- 3. When atmosphere press is from 80 kPa to 106 kPa, the related altitude shall be from 2000 m to 500 m.
- 4. Do not touch the product body or wires directly when power is on, to avoid electric shock.

#### Replacement

As SPD is a non-repairable product, for safety sake, please use the same type of SPD for replacement.

### Storage

Do not store SPD at high temperature, high humidity or corrosive gas environment, to avoid oxidation of the wires. Use them up within 2 years after receiving the goods.

#### Installation

- 1. Installation and startup may only be carried out by qualified personnel. The relevant country-specific regulations must be observed.
- 2. Check the device for external damage before installation. If the device is defective, it must not be used.
- 3. Pay attention to risk of electric shock. Please cutoff all electrical power before installation or service.
- 4. Lay the output cables to the surge protective devices (SPDs) as short as possible, without loops.
- 5. Do not apply mechanical stress to the SPD body during or after the installation.

#### **Maintenance**

- 1. Check SPD status according to instructions before and after the thunderstorm season each year.
- 2. If the indicator of "failure state" appears, the SPD is damaged. Replace the SPD with same type.
- 3. Ensure electrical connections and mountings are correct before energizing the circuit.
- 4. SPD's quality is well controlled and strictly inspected before delivery. If non-functional ones are found during operation, please contact us early enough.

# **SPD**Surge Protective Device

# **SPD for Outdoor Lights**







- Outdoor Street Lighting
- Parking Lighting
- Highway Lighting
- Landscape Lighting
- Traffic and Signal Lighting

# SETsafe | SET fuse

SD10C120/240 Series



#### **Features**

- Sealed Enclosure, IP66
- Thermal Protection and Failure Indication
- UL1449 Type 1 Listed
- Suit for Split Phase System

#### **Applications**

- Power System of Caravan
- **Distribution Panel**
- High Voltage Air Conditioning (HVAC)

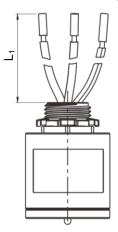
# **Agency Approvals**

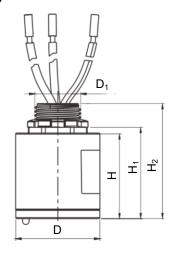
Agency	Standards	No.	
c <b>Al</b> ®us	UL1449	E322662	
Environment	RoHS 2.0 & REACH	Compliant	

#### **Description**

SETsafe | SETfuse surge protective device (SPD) SD10C120/240 series is specifically designed for split phase system. The products facilitate surge immunity compliant with IEEE C62.41.2 Location Category C high exposure and protect the facility from lightning surge damage. With built-in thermal protection, SD10C120/240 series could fail safely when suffering sustained overvoltage or its internal varistor degradation.

#### **Dimensions (mm)**





L <sub>1</sub>	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	H <sub>2</sub>
150.0 ± 5.0	39.0 ± 1.0	42.0 ± 1.0	53.0 ± 1.0
D	D <sub>1</sub>		
Ф39.0 ± 1.0	1/2-14NPSL		

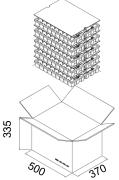
Note:

The wire length "L<sub>1</sub>" can be customized as required.

# **Packaging Information**







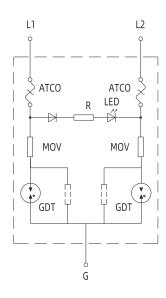
- Unit: mm
- Please contact us if you have special packaging requirement.

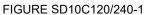
Item	Tray	Carton		
Dimensions (mm)	470 × 350 × 57	500 × 370 × 335		
Quantity (PCS)	32	160		



# **SPD**Surge Protective Device

#### **Schematics**





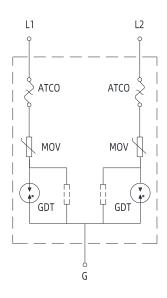


FIGURE SD10C120/240-2

# **Specifications**

	Mode	Max. Continuous Operating	Nominal Discharge Current	Max. Discharge Current	Voltage Protection Rating	Short Circuit Current Rating	Schematic	Agency Approvals
Model		MCOV	<i>I</i> <sub>n</sub>	<b>I</b> <sub>max</sub>	VPR	SCCR		c <b>Al</b> ®us
		(VAC)	(kA)	(kA)	(V)	(kA)	FIGURE	UL, CUL
SD10C120/240AH	L-G	150	10	25	1200	200	SD10C120/240-1	
	L-L	300			2000			•
SD10C120/240AM	L-G	150	10	15	1200	200	SD10C120/240-1	
	L-L	300			2000			
SD10C120/240GH	L-G	150	10	25	1200	200	SD10C120/240-2	•
	L-L	300			2000			
SD10C120/240GM	L-G	150	10	15	1200	200	SD10C120/240-2	
	L-L	300			2000			•